It is a very active animal, moving at a very rapid rate on land though thoroughly aquatic, and swimming very quickly in water.

*Damonia hamiltonii* (Gray).


This form has been recorded from Bengal, Punjab, and Upper Sindh. A single specimen of this was obtained from Makhu. It is at present in the collection of the Indian Museum, Calcutta. One thing to be particularly noted about this form is the large number of round yellow spots on the cornea.

**REFERENCES TO LITERATURE.**

2. ""The Indian Mud-Turtles (Trionychidae)," *Rec. Ind. Mus. VII*, 1912.

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**Range of Acanthodactylus cantoris**, Günther.—The range of the genus *Acanthodactylus*, Weigmann, as given by Boulenger in the *Fauna of British India, Reptilia and Batrachia*, is as follows: "South of Spain and Portugal; Africa, north of the equator; South-Western Asia, eastwards to the Punjab;" and that of the species *Acanthodactylus cantoris* is "North-Western India from Agra to Sind, Baluchistan, South-Western Persia." Thus it appears that Boulenger specially excludes the Punjab from the area in which this species is found. But I found it in the following places in the Punjab: Lahore, Abohar, Dharamkot and Nathana in the Ferozpore district, and in Jullundher.

The colouration of the specimens obtained from various localities did not differ very much and quite corresponds to the description given by Boulenger, except that in some specimens the white and black longitudinal lines alternating with each other become rather indistinct. In one of the specimens from Lahore there were two tails one above the other, these appeared to have grown
out in place of the tail which somehow had got broken. The specimen has been sent to the Indian Museum.

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